

SESSION NUMBER

# Lessons from the Ancient World

Rory Wainer (Oban)



# Contents

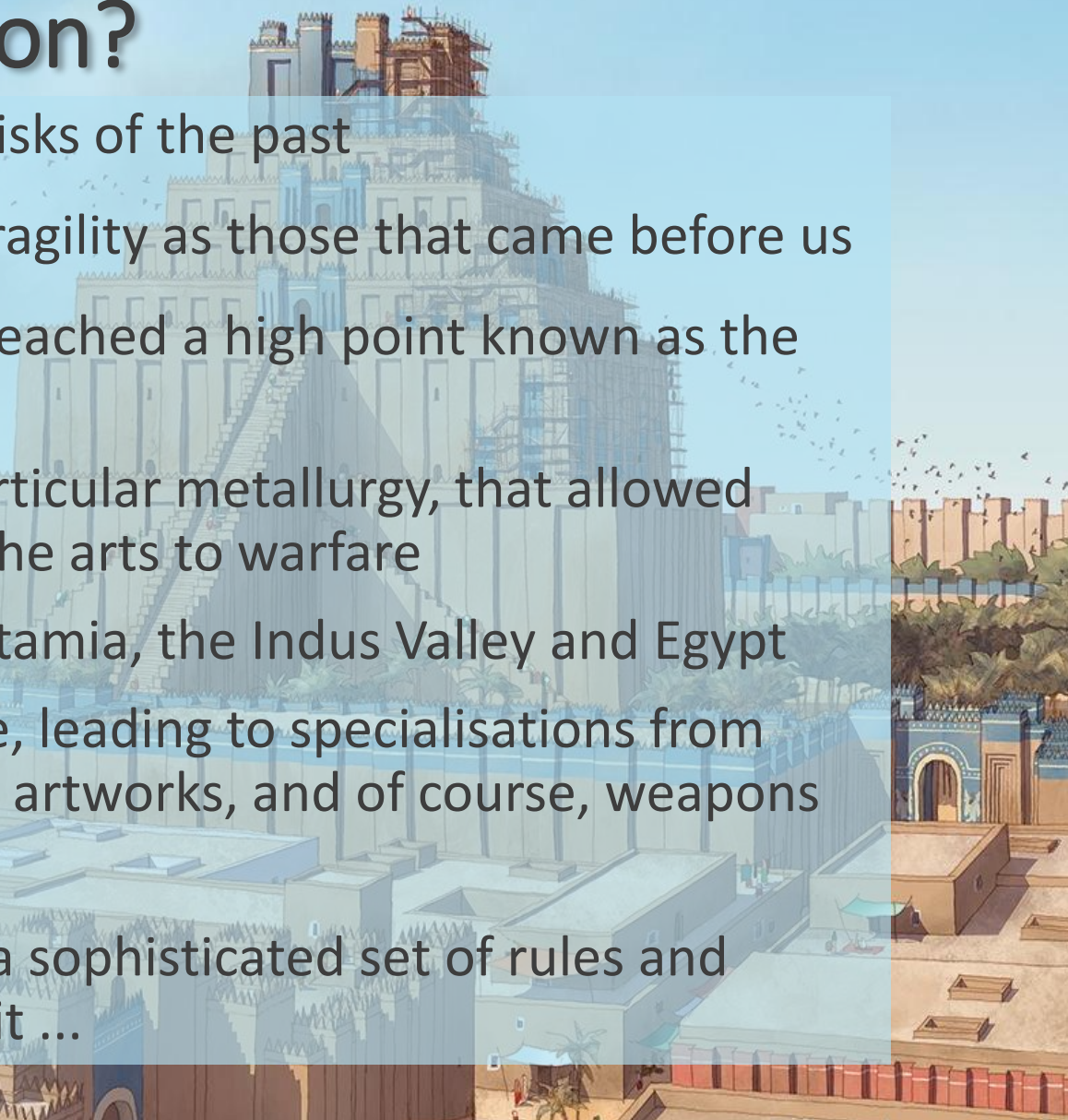
- Archaeology & Superannuation?
- System Collapses
- A One-off Event?
- Relevance to Innovation
- The Lessons
- Oban's Observations
- Solutions
- Oban Hub
- Summary / Key Points





# Archaeology & Superannuation?

- Our modern world is not immune from the risks of the past
- We have the same opportunities, risks and fragility as those that came before us
- Roughly 3,000 years ago human civilisation reached a high point known as the Bronze Age. Its defining features included:
  - Technology advancements in science, particular metallurgy, that allowed advances in everything from farming to the arts to warfare
  - Urbanisation with great cities in Mesopotamia, the Indus Valley and Egypt
  - International trade and cultural exchange, leading to specialisations from construction techniques to agriculture to artworks, and of course, weapons manufacturing
- Like our modern world, the Bronze Age had a sophisticated set of rules and processes designed to preserve and protect it ...



# System Collapses

- Within the space of a few decades the thriving cities and civilisations of the Mycenaeans, Hittites, Canaanites, and others, completely collapsed
- Cities were destroyed, trade networks were severed, writing systems were lost, and whole populations were displaced
- Why? Still debated but the popular villains of the story are known as the “Sea People” but it was most likely triggered by a combination of climate change and excessive interdependencies





# A One-off Event?

- Step forward a few thousand years:
  - Fall of the Roman Empire
  - Fall of the British Empire
  - Deindustrialisation of the West
- Step back 3-million years:
  - *Paranthropus boisei* (Nutcracker man)
- Prosperity or Survival



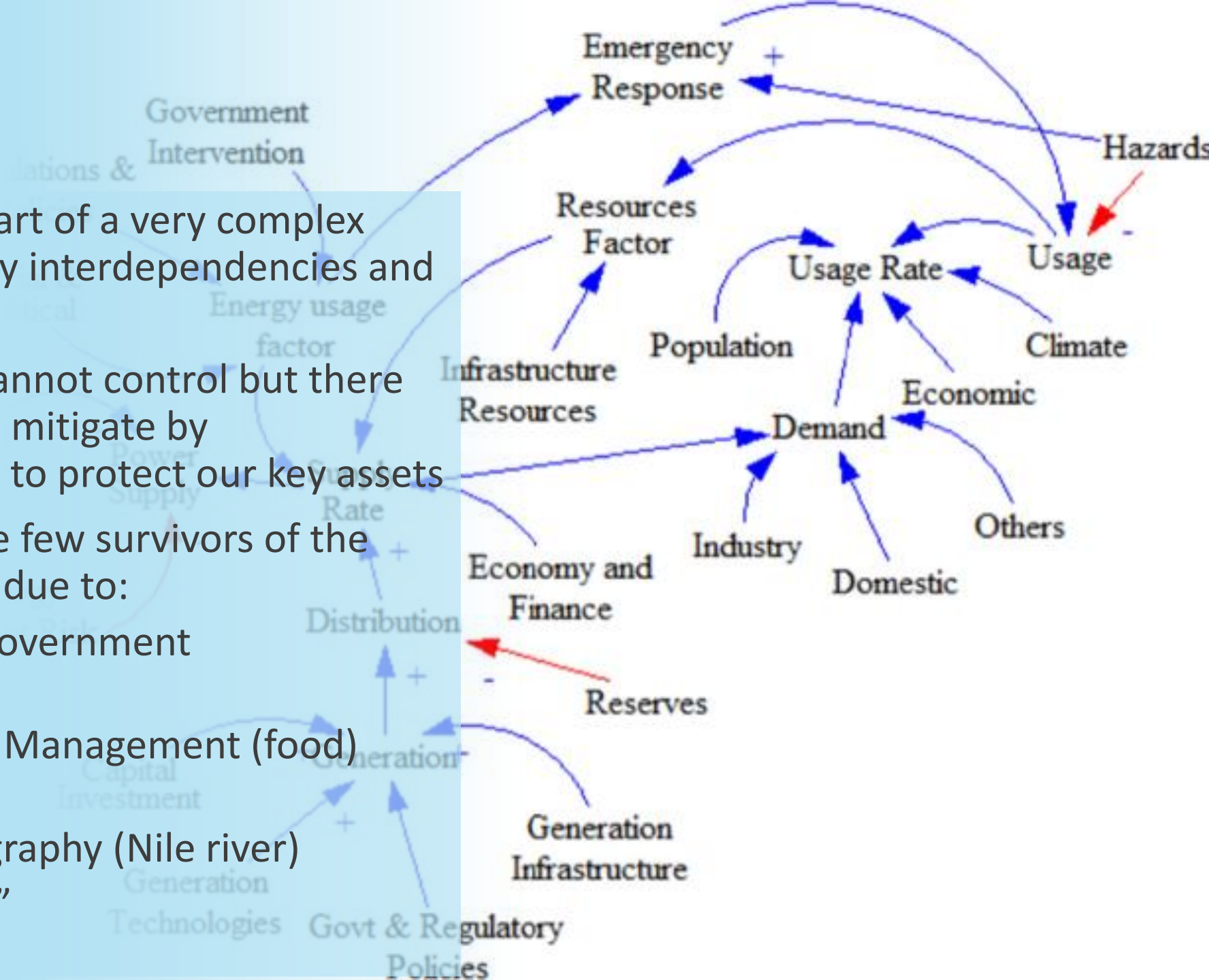
# Relevance to Innovation

- There are many repeating themes throughout history:
  - Sophistication leads to Specialisation
  - Specialisation leads to **Fragility**
  - We have no control over external factors
  - There will always be the “Sea People”
- A few current examples include:
  - COVID, CloudStrike, AWS outage, Nexperia
  - Climate change / AI
  - Russia/Ukraine, Israel/Gaza, hostile state actors
- Innovation? **Learn from the Past**



# The Lessons

- Superannuation is part of a very complex system of multi-party interdependencies and technologies
- There are risks we cannot control but there are also risks we can mitigate by understanding them to protect our key assets
- Egypt was one of the few survivors of the Bronze Age collapse due to:
  - Strong Central Government  
"Governance"
  - Strong Resource Management (food)  
"Key Asset"
  - Favourable Geography (Nile river)  
"Self Sufficiency"



# Oban's Observations

- The world is getting more connected
- Like Bronze Age civilisations, these connections expose us to **fragility** by very high dependencies on external 3<sup>rd</sup> parties
- The “Sea People” are now the hackers and other unfriendly 3<sup>rd</sup> parties
- Super Funds' most important asset is **data** - Membership, Transactions, Communications (**Customers, Money, Interactions**)
- Also, like ancient civilisations, we cannot control all **external factors**, but we can take steps to **reduce** some risks



**Data Resilience**





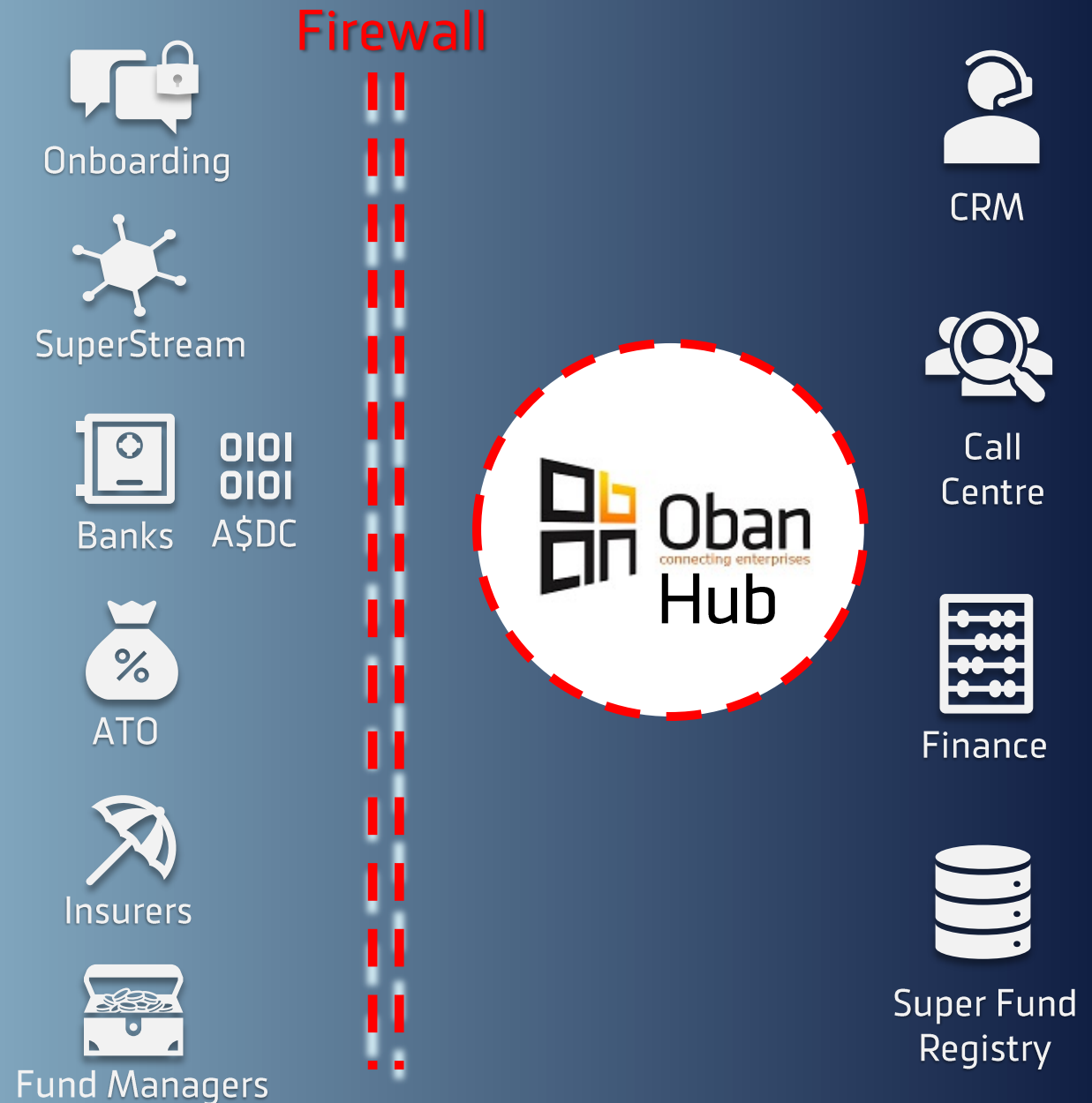
# Solutions

## Governance, Data, Self Sufficiency

1. Duplicate and/or insource everything
2. Use a modern equivalent of the Walls of Troy ... with secure gates:
  - Super Funds should have a data wall with secure gates that they ***selectively*** open to connect **Internal** and **External** data sources
  - **Inside** the Super Fund walls are Internal data sources such as the CRM, Call Centre, Admin System and Finance
  - **Outside** the walls are External parties such as Gateways/Clearinghouses, ATO, Insurers, Investment Managers, Payroll Companies and On-boarders
  - Enforce ***secure standards*** for communication to avoid Trojan Horses

# Oban Hub

- We call our version of Walls & Gates “Oban Hub”
- Oban Hub is a Super Fund-side **connector** between Internal and External data sources
- Oban Hub uses the same communication **standards** as SuperStream, ATO, Banks, others
- Oban Hub **enhances** current arrangements without replacing or **duplicating** them to achieve both **security & cost efficiency**
- A key aspect is that the Gates in the Hub are controlled by the **Super Fund**





# Summary / Key Points

#asfaconference2025

- Key themes of civilisation **Repeat**
- Sophistication leads to **Specialisation**
- Specialisation causes **Fragility**
- Understanding these themes can help us **avoid** similar mistakes
- Trustees/leaders remain **accountable** – even when outsourcing
- **Data** is a Super Fund's primary asset
- Data Control is **Governance** Control
- Super Funds can become more **Resilient** by:
  - Reclaiming control of their **data**
  - Reducing the risk of **overdependency** on external parties
  - Understanding the risk **interdependencies** to better protect our \$4 trillion industry in an **increasingly connected** world

